RT Knits investigation CAP

Background and outcome

Gymshark, ASOS and Adidas commissioned an investigation into allegations flagged by a worker at RT Knits. The allegations were as follows:

- Requiring migrant workers at the factory to cover the cost of return flight tickets, rather than having the factory do so, as required by the employment contract;
- Verbal abuse and other harassment of workers by factory supervisors/managers;
- Mandatory and involuntary overtime work;
- Corruption and bribery practices, including by requiring workers to pay management personnel for better work assignments/tasks in the factory;
- Lack of effective access to remedy through the factory's grievance system;
- General health and safety issues, including inadequate living conditions in the dormitories; and
- Information pertaining to alleged payments made by migrant workers of recruitment fees in both their countries of origin and in Mauritius.

The Investigator concluded that for the most part, there was not adequate evidence to prove the specific allegations reported to FLA. However, the investigator found other non-compliances as detailed in the below CAP report which the brands and RT Knits worked together to close.

The "evidence received by brands" column details how the closure of each finding was verified by the brands. As part of this, the brands worked to review all evidence as stated below, including photos, policies, procedures and training documentation and will continue to monitor the situation to ensure the factory has implemented the necessary management systems to prevent reopening of the issues.

Area	Finding	Recommendations by	RT Knits action plan	Evidence received by	Status
		investigator		brands	
Repatriation	Potential risk of harassment	Factory should define a	A reasonable timeframe	Brands reviewed	Closed
	linked to the existing	reasonable timeline for	for air ticket	revised policies and	
	termination practice. Per	arranging return tickets to	arrangement will be	procedures, including	
	factory's current practice,	workers upon leaving	defined under normal	air ticket form and	
	when a worker leaves	employment. The timelines	conditions. Any	training document to	
	employment, factory arranges	should be included in terms	unforeseen	verify the closure of	
	for their return air ticket.	of employment and	circumstances will be	this issue.	
		communicated to workers	specified, and		
	Factory tries to get cheaper	effectively.	documented accordingly		
	fares and occasionally workers		for reference.		

must wait for few days to	
return home. This could build	The workers can be
up mental stress for workers	
	divided into 2 categories:
eagerly waiting to return	1. Workers eligible
home. Workers are allowed to	to receive the
stay in the dormitory free of	National Pension
cost and are provided food	Scheme (NPS)
during this period.	fund will also
	receive free food
	and
	accommodation
	during the
	waiting period
	(between 2-4
	weeks)
	2. Workers not
	eligible for the
	NPS fund.
	Factory
	endeavours to
	make this
	timeline much
	shorter than
	mentioned
	above, again
	with the
	provision of free
	food and
	accommodation
	during the
	waiting period.
	waiting period.

			All new employees will		
			be made aware of this		
			clause through an		
			addendum to contract.		
			For existing employees,		
			an awareness session		
			will be conducted.		
Working hours	Production schedule in the	Production planning should	All production planning	Brands reviewed	Under review
	Dyeing section is planned for	be based on regular hours	is based on regular	contract addendum	
	10 hours (including 1 hour of	of work and not include	working hours of 9 hours	and consent form,	
	Overtime) for shift A and 13	regular overtime. Rotation	however the normal	however we will	
	hours (including 3 hours of	of workers for shift working	dyeing process is around	continue to engage	
	Overtime) for shift B. Shifts	should be planned in a way	10-12 hours and cannot	with the factory to find	
	are rotated every week.	that workers should not	be interrupted.	a solution for this issue	
		need to work overtime to		as it is currently still	
	This implies that workers	complete the shift.	Overtime is on a	under review and not	
	need to work overtime to		voluntary and	closed. This is because:	
	complete the shifts indicating		consensual basis. A pool	i) Overtime	
	mandatory overtime work.		of workers is available to	work	
			cater for this.	should be	
	Written consent is not			consensual	
	obtained from workers for the		Written consent will now	and not	
	overtime work because the		be included in the	solely	
	additional hours are included		workers info pack (for	based on	
	in the shift.		dyeing employees) for all	production	
			new recruits starting Jan	demands	
			2023. For existing	ii) Overtime	
			workers, a training will	should not	
			be conducted, and	be	
			written consent will be	requested	
			obtained.	on a	
				continuous	

				basis, and factory should evaluate its production capacity and explore possible solutions. As brands, we discourage systematic and continuous overtime and	
				encourage the factory to look into alternative	
				solutions and production planning so that the factory can be	
				compliant as per our codes of conduct.	
Working hours	Workers in shift B in Dyeing section work 3 hours of OT daily x 5 days = 15 hours a week against 10 hours per	Contracts are vetted by the government which implies that all terms of employment recorded in	All changes will be documented in an addendum to contract.	Brands reviewed addendum to contract and consent form, however the issue	Under review
	contract. Written consent is not obtained for overtime hours worked beyond 10	the contract are required to be followed.	Written consent will be included in the workers info pack (for dyeing	remains open and under review as overtime does not	
	hours as per clause 6 (Extra Work) of the contract.	Overtime work should not exceed hours recorded in the contract. Written	employees) for all new recruits starting Jan 2023.	comply with the brands codes of conduct.	

		consent should be obtained prior to working overtime.	To cater for existing workers, a training will be conducted, and written consent will be obtained.		
Working hours	Workers from the Make Up section work up to 3 hours of overtime on 3 days a week as a systematic practice and occasionally work 4 hours on Saturdays.	Overtime work should not be continuous/systematic and should be only allowed based on occasional requirements.	Overtime is based on production requirements and is on a daily voluntary basis for all employees.	Brands reviewed overtime consent form template, however this issue is still open and under review due to the systematic nature of the overtime which is against the brands codes of conduct.	Under review
Freedom of association	There could be a risk of team leaders concealing grievances. Procedures require use of a 3rd person (team leaders) which workers may want to avoid in certain instances. Lack of channel for direct reporting by avoiding involvement of team leaders may discourage workers from reporting concerns which could be against team leaders or any other reason.	Factory management should have adequate staff who speak languages for all nationalities of workers to allow for direct interaction with workers.	Dedicated expat staffs under the HR Department are assigned the responsibilities of the grievance mechanism under the supervision of a HR officer responsible for grievances and disciplinary matters.	Brands reviewed list of dedicated workers who are handling grievances who are able to speak the local language of the workers alongside the new procedures to conclude that the issue is currently closed.	Closed

	Review of the log of grievances reported and from interview with workers, workers appeared to be satisfied with management practices. Logs maintained list grievances reported, identification of root cause and action taken.				
Accommodation	 From tour to production areas and visit to Dormitories it was observed that work areas are well maintained, well-ventilated and lit. No critical HSE concerns were noted. Living standards (ventilation, living space, in house facilities, toilets) in Dormitories owned and located inside the factory compound were better than those accommodations that were in private buildings leased by the factory. Management shared that they have plans to relocate workers from privately owned accommodations to better accommodations within upcoming months. 	Until the workers housed in privately owned accommodations are relocated to better locations, factory should ensure additional monitoring of facilities provided.	The residents have been relocated in the upgraded dormitory with all the facilities and amenities provided. A 24-hour security service is provided to ensure the safety and security of the residents. A standby maintenance and housekeeping team are available in the dormitory to provide immediate remedial solutions in case of any issue.	Brands engaged with the factory to change the current dormitory, and reviewed photos of the change and photos of the new dormitory alongside management procedures. Brands will continue to monitor the situation.	Closed

Recruitment	From information gathered,	The agents need to have a	The recruitment	Brands reviewed the	Closed
neer untinent	workers denied paying any	system in place to ensure	practices of the facility	training document on	cioscu
	recruitment fees to	that subagents or contact at	have been extended to	code of conduct	
	recruitment agents in country	village levels do not charge	the recruiting agents. A	alongside	
	of origin or in Mauritius.	a fee. Factory may try and	training has been	management	
		move a step deeper to	conducted with all the	procedures and	
	70% of sampled workers from	identify and track the	recruiting agents to	policies to conclude	
	Bangladesh interviewed	process followed by agents	adopt the same working	that this issue is	
	stated that they paid some	when they contact workers	principle and due	currently closed.	
	money to local village	from villages.	diligence on their side to	,	
	contacts to ensure selection in		ensure that no fees		
	Bangladesh. These workers		whatsoever are being		
	also paid for their medical		paid by workers		
	examination which was		throughout the		
	instructed by the agent and		recruitment process. The		
	required for recruitment.		facility also refrains from		
			using any sub-agents in		
	All migrant workers sign a		the recruitment process.		
	confirmation letter stating				
	that they did not pay any fee				
	for recruitment. Management				
	stated that they ask workers if				
	any payment was made to				
	confirm any malpractices by				
	agents.				
	Management shared that they				
	could monitor their agents				
	but cannot monitor sub				
	agents or contacts at villages				
	of workers.				

Working hours	Breaks as defined in contracts	Factory needs to ensure	Workers' consent with	Brands reviewed	Closed
	are not provided. Factory	that breaks as defined in	regards to the actual	worker consent form	
	provides 45 minutes break	the contract are provided	break and lunch times	added as addendum to	
	against 80 minutes defined in		provided has been	contract but will	
	the contract and as legally		updated and records	continue to monitor	
	required. As the 80 minutes		documented accordingly.	the situation to ensure	
	duration is agreed in the			all workers are aware	
	contract, this should be			of the procedures	
	provided.			around the form and	
				that the consent is	
				voluntary.	
Recruitment	Factory policies and	Factory needs to revisit	The facility is guided by	Brands reviewed pre-	Closed
	procedures on Recruitment	their written policies and	the local law and	recruitment training	
	and Hiring do not provide	procedures to ensure	regulations and the	document for workers	
	complete information on	transparency and clarity.	vetted contract provided	but will continue to	
	practices that are followed.		by the Ministry of	monitor the situation	
	The step by step procedure	Legal documentation of	Labour. A pre-	to ensure that workers	
	should be defined for clarity.	recruitment agents should	recruitment training is	are aware of the terms	
		be periodically reviewed.	conducted in the home	and conditions of their	
	Use of recruitment agents is		country whereby all the	employment.	
	not systematically reviewed.	Employment terms should	terms and conditions are		
	There are lapsed uses of	provide information on all	explained.	Brands also held	
	recruitment agent from India	aspects from recruitment to		conversations with the	
	and Bangladesh.	termination of	Upon arrival, an	factory to ensure the	
		employment. Information	induction training is	necessary	
	Workers are made aware in	should be in a language	conducted.	management systems	
	country of origin on nature of	workers read and		are implemented to	
	work, wages, accommodation	understand.	The facility understands	effectively conduct the	
	and food however		that workers come from	necessary due	
	information on deductions		multiple regions.	diligence over the	
	from wages, calculation of		Unfortunately, with the	recruitment process	
	bonuses and overtime		available resources and	and the management	
	payment is not		language barriers, they	of migrant workers.	

	communicated.	cannot translate in all
		the available languages
	Workers sign on government	in India. However, they
	vetted contracts that are in	have translated in the
	English and a translated	main languages namely
	version in their language	Hindi, Bengali, Sinhalese,
	based on country of origin.	and Malagasy.
	Workers are hired from	
	multiple regions from India	Team leaders are also
	but don't all speak the	providing support to
	language "Hindi" which is the	avoid any
	contract language. This is a	miscommunication. A
	risk for miscommunication.	translated copy of the
		payslip is also posted on
	All sampled workers	their notice board.
	interviewed were aware of	
	basic terms of employment.	
	They lack awareness on	
	leaves, deductions, calculation	
	of bonuses that are paid and	
	overtime payment. They	
	stated that they do not read	
	the complete contract and	
	review each term of	
	employment as they are more	
	excited to travel and work in a	
	foreign country.	
	While workers are verbally	
	promised appropriate jobs	
	based on their skill levels,	
	contracts do not define the	
	job and instead state "Sewing	
L	job and instead state bewing	

	 machine operators" for all workers. This is based on the work permit is issued by the government. Information on termination of contract prior to completion of contract period is not defined or communicated to workers. Documentation pertaining to termination of employment was missing. 				
Health & safety	Factory needs to improve on training of employees for implementation of health and safety parameters and introduce a system for periodic monitoring.	Improve training and introduce a system for periodic monitoring	Facility's H&S training program comprises of an induction training. Targeted trainings are also conducted for specific groups based on training needs.	Brands reviewed H&S training document and will continue to monitor the situation to ensure that workers receive annual training. We have also reviewed management systems to ensure that workers are aware of the H&S procedures in the factory.	Closed
Health & safety	Anti-Fatigue mats are not provided for all workers with standing jobs. Workstations	Anti-fatigue mats should be provided to all employees with standing jobs and workstations should be	Anti-fatigue mats are provided for workers with standing jobs. Suitable customised	Brands have reviewed photos of anti-fatigue mats and will continue to monitor the	Closed

	are not adjustable in height to suit height of workers.	adjustable in height to suit the height of workers	chairs with backrest are provided to workers to suit the height of workers.	situation to ensure that management systems are in place to review wherever required workers are provided with all necessary PPE including anti-fatigue mats.	
Health & safety	Evacuation direction markings are missing or faded in most areas.	Update evacuation markings	Evacuation plans have been reworked for updated floor layouts and yellow markings have been implemented.	Brands reviewed photos of updated evacuation markings but will continue to monitor to ensure that workers are aware of the evacuation plans and that floor markings are maintained on a regular basis as part of the regular maintenance work.	Closed
Health & safety	Emergency Exit doors (push doors) are locked with multiple plastic tags restricting quick and easy opening of doors	Ensure emergency exits are free to always use	Emergency exit doors with push bars are available on production floors. The security systems have been amended and only 1 safety tag is used per door.	Brands reviewed photos of emergency exit doors and removal of the additional safety tag but will continue to monitor to ensure that the emergency exits are always accessible and that workers are aware of their nearest emergency exit.	Closed

Health & safety	Emergency lights installed above exits and walkways are lights used for cases of thick smoke from fire. Most lights were not functional when tested at random. The charge indicator was not lit up.	Ensure that all emergency lights are always functional.	Emergency lights of industrial type have been sourced but were not available on the local market. The facility is expecting receipt of the lights in due course.	Brands received and reviewed copy of the proforma invoice for the new lights but will re-review once these have been received.	Under review
Health & safety	Blocked passages in make-up section restricting free movement.	Ensure passages are free from obstruction	All aisles and passageways are kept unobstructed. Notices have also been placed to raise awareness.	Brands reviewed photos of the unobstructed passage ways and will continue to monitor to ensure that the factory is organised and communicates to workers the importance of keeping passage ways unobstructed. Factory H&S officer will monitor and check the passageways as part of the H&S monitoring process.	Closed
Health & safety	Visual alarms not installed in dyeing section and visual exit directions not installed. Stagnant water was seen on floors of Dyeing and Washing. This could cause injury from accidental slip falls	Ensure housekeeping of the dyehouse	Visual alarms are installed to notify workers of emergency. Regular emergency drills are conducted to raise awareness and train our	Brands reviewed photos of the alarms and the dyeing and washing sections. Brands will continue to monitor to ensure that the necessary management systems	Closed

			workers on evacuation procedures. There is continuous housekeeping to ensure no water accumulation on floor.	and processes are implemented, to ensure that housekeeping of the factory is maintained.	
Health & safety	Needle guards are pushed upwards by sewing machine operators rendering them ineffective in preventing injury.	Ensure that workers are trained to use the needle guards effectively	Workers have been sensitised on the importance of safety equipment and Health & Safety at the workplace.	Brands reviewed H&S training document and photos of safety devices and H&S committee meeting minutes (21/03/2023).	Closed
Health & safety	Eye shield not provided for button machine operators	Provide eye shields for button machine operators	The matter was also taken in the Safety Committee meeting for further monitoring.	Brands will continue to monitor to ensure that the necessary management systems are implemented to effectively monitor H&S conditions in the factory.	Closed
Health & safety	Auto lid locking arrangement not installed on dryer doors and hydro extractors to prevent opening of doors while drums are rotating thereby increasing the risk of injury to workers.	Ensure that auto lid locking arrangements are installed on dryer doors and hydro extractors		Brands reviewed photos of dryer doors and hydro extractors and will continue to monitor to ensure that all locks are maintained and replaced if necessary as part of the regular machine maintenance.	Closed

Health & safety	Adequate secondary	Provide adequate	Adequate secondary	Brands reviewed	Closed
	containment not provided for	secondary containment for	containment is provided	photos of secondary	
	chemicals stored in washing.	chemicals stored in washing	for chemicals in washing	containers and will	
	section.	section	and dyeing chemical	continue to monitor to	
			store	ensure factory	
				maintains the	
				management of	
				chemicals sufficiently.	
Health & safety	Outlet from eye wash station	Ensure there is an adequate	Drain system for water	Brands reviewed	Closed
	releases water on the floor	drainage system for the eye	discharge from eyewash	photos of drainage	
		wash stations	station has been	system and will	
			implemented	continue to monitor to	
				ensure housekeeping	
				of the factory is	
				maintained.	
Health & safety	Auto stop sensors not	Ensure all auto stop sensors	All safety devices are	Brands reviewed H&S	Closed
	functional in 2 out of 3 auto	are functional	operational. Workers	training document and	
	layering machines		have been sensitised on	photos of safety	
			the importance of safety	devices and H&S	
			equipment and Health &	committee meeting	
			Safety at the workplace.	minutes (21/03/2023).	
			The matter was also	Brands will continue to	
			taken in the Safety	monitor to ensure that	
			Committee meeting for	the necessary	
			further monitoring.	management systems	
				are implemented to	
				effectively monitor	
				H&S conditions in the	
				factory and to ensure	
				workers awareness.	

The following finding is a country-wide issue which requires cross-sectoral collaboration to address. The brands are committed to working with the relevant stakeholders to find a solution. If the Mauritian Ministry of Labour is able to provide clarification on this, FLA will duly note that as an addendum on its website.

Wages	Deduction of accommodation and food	Factory needs to revisit the practice and	This finding was disputed by factory
	allowance from wages of migrant workers	ensure complete and full wages are	management.
	is not justified as this allowance is part of	paid to workers with no deductions	In challenging his analysis,
	wages that is payable as per contract.	from accommodation and food.	management officials provided
	Contract requires provision of		documents to justify this practice
	accommodation and food free of cost.		and
			claimed that this is a result of
	Deduction of the allowance Indicate non-		existing employment contracts
	payment of promised full wages.		vetted by local authorities.
			As a result, the Investigator
			reaffirmed that this practice should
			be discontinued unless factory
			management is able to provide an
			opinion letter from the Mauritius
			Ministry of Labor, Human
			Resource Development and Training
			stating that those deductions are in
			fact acceptable.
			On 6th December 2022, factory
			management has contacted
			representatives from the Ministry of
			Labour, Human Resource
			Development and Training to
			further discuss the matter and
			requesting officials to conduct a
			visit to verify their salary structure.

	[]
	Further to their visit on 09th December 2022, facility received a letter from the said Ministry which was shared with the brands.
	Facility sent another request to the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry with a draft opinion letter. A Senior Officer replied to this through a mail to conclude that facility is compliant with the National Minimum Wage Regulations on Thursday 12th January 2023.
	Facility re-iterated their request directly to higher level officials, and on the 16th of January 2023, they received a letter confirming that their factory is paying the workers in accordance with the National Minimum Wage (Amendment) Regulations 2022 and the Export Enterprises (Remuneration) (Amendment) 2022.
	Facility is still trying to get in touch with higher officials from the Ministry to resolve this matter.

The brands would like to thank the FLA and the investigator for highlighting the issues and RT Knits for helping us address the majority of the issues.